The invention refers to biotechnology and may be used for micropropagation in vitro of Rhodiola rosea L. plants.

The process includes cultivation of minirhizomes and explants from minirhizomes, obtained from auxillary meristems on the Murashige-Skoog agar nutrient medium, containing additionally activated coal in the quantity of 1200 mg/l, having pH 6,5, at a temperature of 26°C and air relative humidity of 70% with a photoperiod of 16 hours and illumination intensity of 1000 lx.

The result of the invention consists in increasing the *Rhodiola rosea* L. plant multiplication coefficient due to the increase of the shoot formation intensity.

Claims: 1